# General overview of topics covered in the Spanish language sequence (Span 1001-2003)

Keep in mind as you review these charts that you don't want to ask yourself if you have ever studied these topics before, but rather, whether or not you would benefit from reviewing them. Most students need to study the same grammar topic several times before they become proficient when using it.

The <u>beginning-level Spanish sequence</u> is comprised of three 4-credit courses: Span 1001, 1002 and 1003 (usually taken over the course of one academic yr)

**Span 1001** (note that students who have taken 3-4 years of high school Spanish are not allowed to take Span 1001, they must start at Span 1002 or higher)

Grammar topics	Vocabulary topics and themes
Present tense verb forms (including stem-changers and	Greetings and farewells
other irregulars)	The university and courses of study
Gender and agreement of adjectives	Family relationships
Telling time	Professions
Forming questions	Pastimes
The present progressive (e.g. estoy comiendo)	Places in the City
Direct object pronouns (e. g. la mando)	Taking trips and the weather
	Numbers 0-100

#### **Span 1002**

Grammar topics	Vocabulary themes
The preterite tense (of regular & irregular verbs)	Numbers 101 and higher
Indirect object pronouns (e.g. me, te, le, nos, etc.)	Shopping
Demonstrative adjectives and pronouns (e.g. ese, esta, etc.)	Clothing and colors
Reflexive verbs	Daily routine and personal hygiene
Indefinitive and negative expressions	Foods and meals
Gustar and similar verbs	Celebrations
Double object pronouns	Personal relationships
Comparatives and superlatives	Health and medical conditions
The imperfect tense	Parts of the body

#### **Span 1003**

Grammar topics	Vocabulary themes
Contrasting the use of the preterite and imperfect	Computers and electronic products
Por vs. para	Cars and their parts
Informal (tú) commands	The rooms in a house, furniture,
Formal (Ud. and Uds.) commands	household chores
Several uses of the present subjunctive	The environment and conservation
The present perfect tense (e.g. he comido)	City life
	Fitness, well-being and nutrition

<u>The intermediate-level Spanish sequence</u> is comprised of three 4-credit courses: Span 2001, 2002 and 2003 (usually taken over the course of one academic yr)

## **Span 2001**

Grammar topics	Vocabulary themes
The present tense	Personal relationships
Uses of ser vs. estar	The city
Gustar and similar verbs	Giving directions
The preterite and the imperfect (both uses	The media and professions in the media
and conjugations)	
The present subjunctive in noun clauses	
Object pronouns	
Commands	

## **Span 2002**

Grammar topics	Vocabulary themes
The present subjunctive in adjective clauses	Families and relationships
Reflexive verbs	Stages of life
Por vs. para	Personality traits
The future	Animals, Nature and Ecology
The conditional	Beliefs, Politics and the Law
Relative pronouns	
The present subjunctive in adverbial clauses	
The past subjunctive	
Comparatives and superlatives	

## **Span 2003**

Grammar topics	Vocabulary themes
The present perfect	Professions and the workplace
The present perfect subjunctive	The economy and finance
Uses of se	Technology and science
The past perfect	Inventions, astronomy and the universe
The past perfect subjunctive	Sports and leisure activities
Uses of the infinitive	
The future perfect	
The conditional perfect	
Si clauses	

**Span 2100 Conversation and Composition** is a course that aims to refine students' written and oral expression prior to the content-based courses that make up the core of the Spanish major and minor.